# Trace Synchronization of multi-level, multi-core distributed systems



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#### **DORSAL**

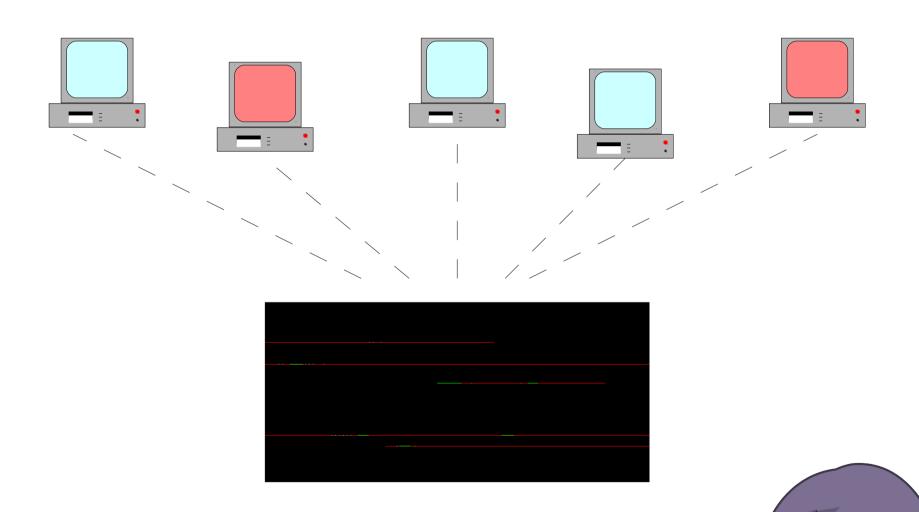
8 Dec 2010 École Polytechnique, Montreal

#### Content

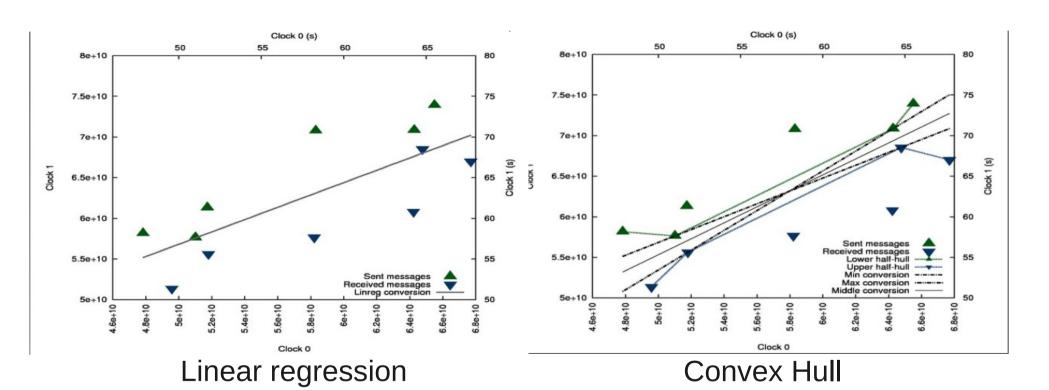
- Why synchronization
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# Why synchronization?



# Synchronization Methods



 $clock1 = \alpha + \beta clock0$ 

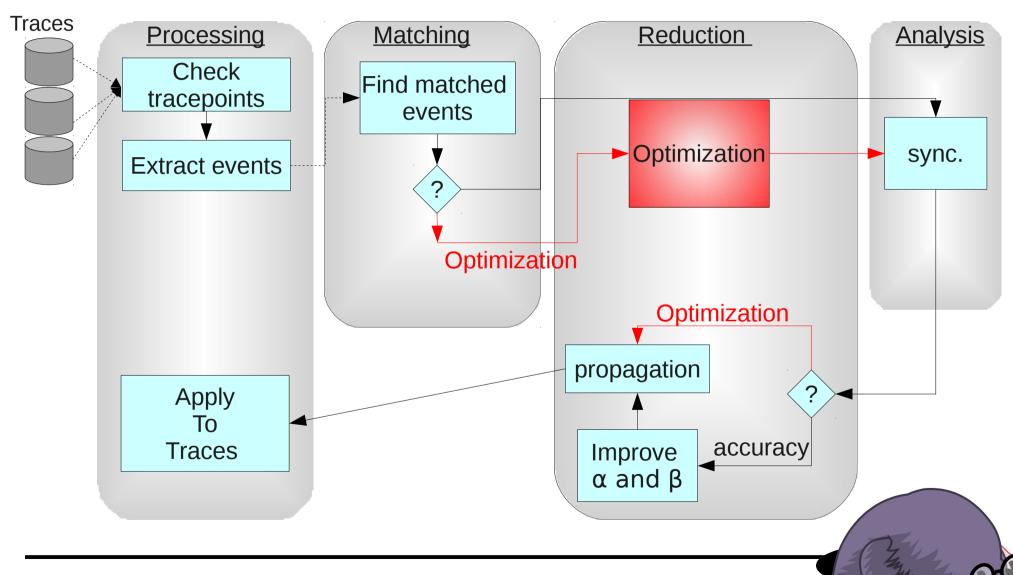


#### Problem and Goals?

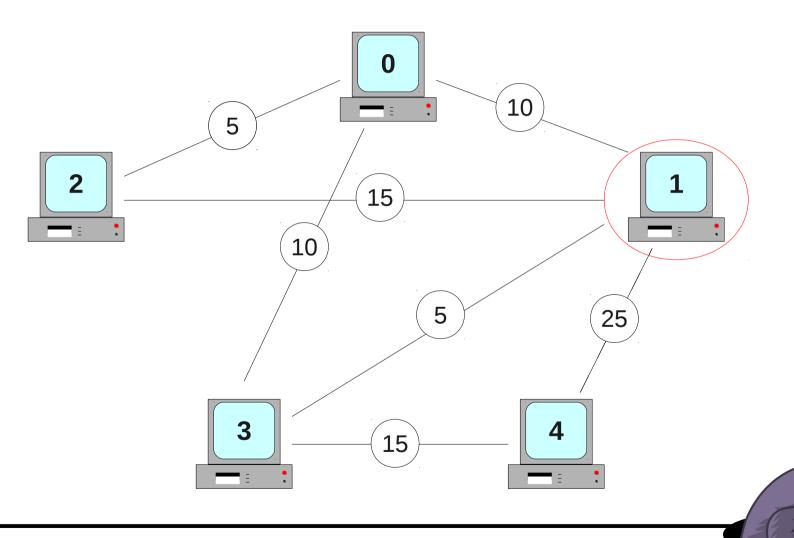
- Total synchronization time increases with the number of nodes and packet exchanges in the network!
  - » For example, with 21 nodes and about 200,000 packets, synchronization takes 20 minutes.
- Optimization Goals:
  - Save synchronization time
  - Keep total accuracy



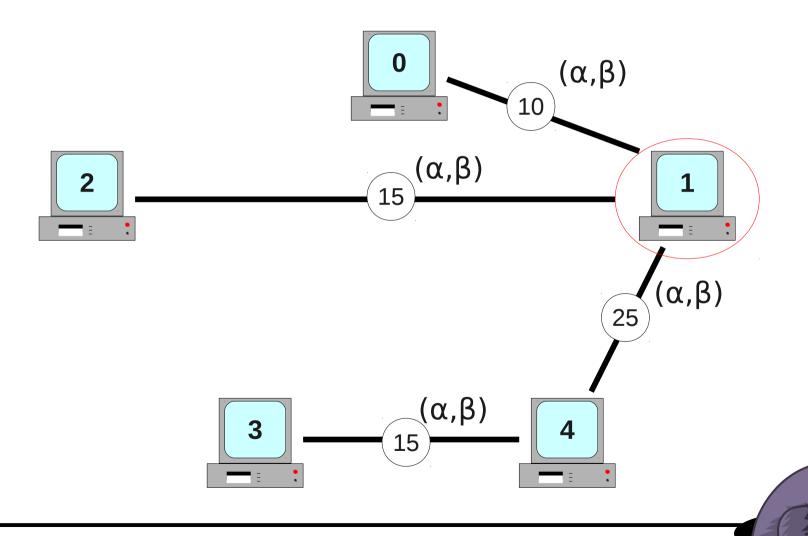
#### Architecture



# Synchronization



# Optimized Synchronization



# **Accuracy Parameters**

- Distance
- Quality of network path
- Network latency

• ...

# X O J

#### Two Explicit Parameters:

- The number of exchanged packet
- The number of hops to the Reference Node

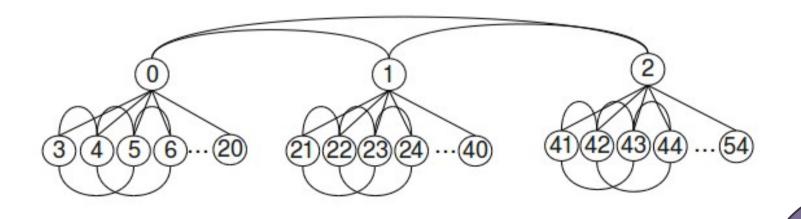


#### MAMMOTH Cluster

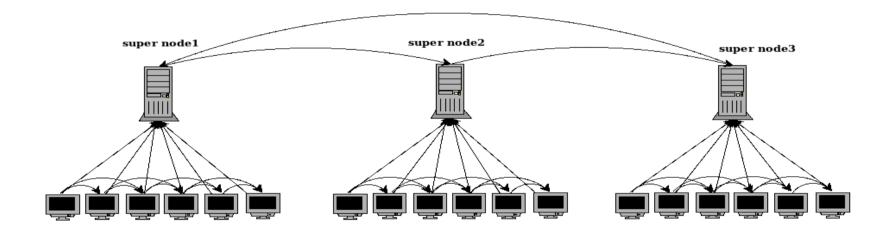
Mammoth is a very large Linux cluster located in Sherbrooke University

It contains two partitions:

- Serial: Pentium 4 computers connected by Gigabit network
- Parallel: Opteron connected by an Infiniband network



## **NS2 Simulation**





## **Demo**





# Result (1/2)

No. of Nodes	Total No. of Packets	Previous Sync. Time	Optimized Sync. Time	Saved Time	Percentage
4	1437	8.669469	6.042749	2.5 s	30%
5	2098	13.393313	7.94.772	5.5 s	40%
6	13044	79.606987	69.066550	10.5 s	13%
21	173985	19.5 min	15.5 min	4 min	20%



# Result (2/2)

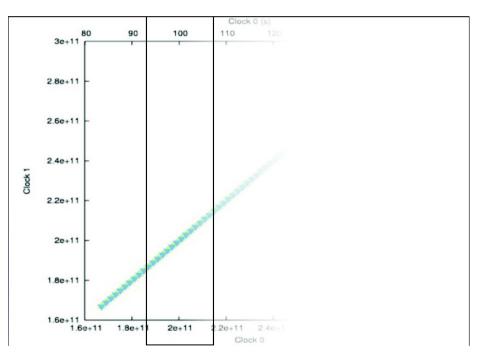
> 10 to 40% time optimization depends on:

- 1. Number of removed links
- 2. Number of packets in removed links



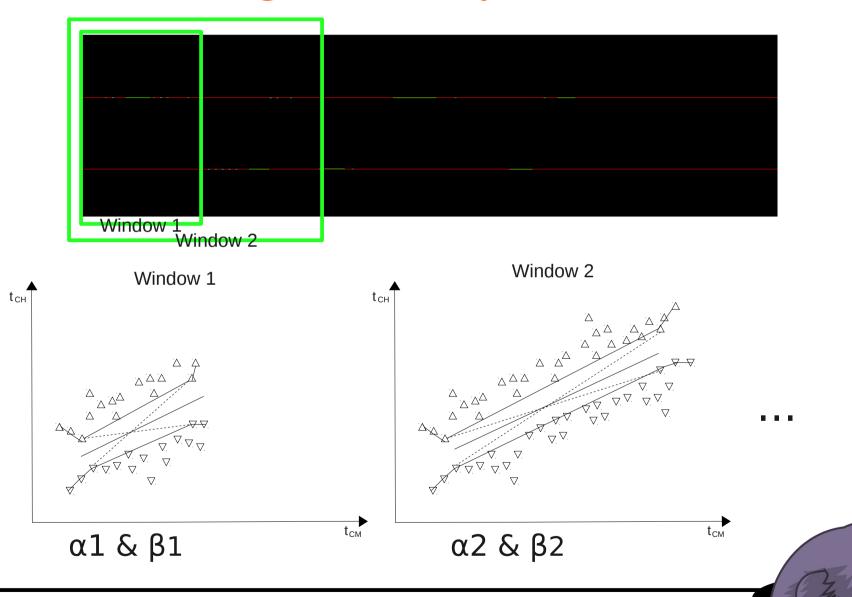
# **Streaming Trace Synchronization**

- Sliding window
  - Combine with convex hull





# Streaming Trace Synchronization



# Streaming history

- Keep relevant information from previous window:
  - 1. No need to repeat processing and matching of packets.
  - 2. Save and reuse previous points located on the convex hull.



# Challenges in streaming mode

- Some nodes may be unconnected
- Round Trip Time is needed for Convex-hull and there is always delay to send Acks
- Buffering

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#### Conclusion and Future work

- Integration of streaming synchronization with Lttv
- Optimizations
- Optimizing streaming synchronization for multiple nodes
- Simulations
- Testing on real hardware environment



# References

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